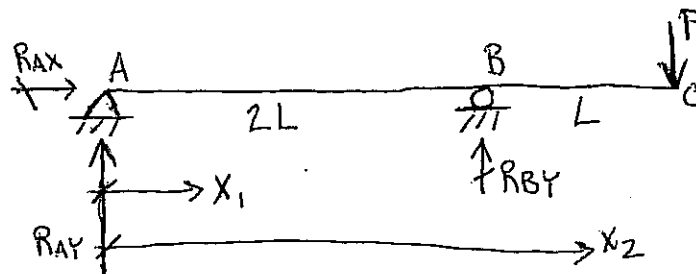


SOLUTIONS

## PROBLEM 1.) DOUBLE INTEGRATION METHOD

a.) FOR THE  $x_1, x_2$  COORDINATE SYSTEM SHOWN ON THE BEAM BELOW, FIND THE SLOPE AND DEFLECTION EQUATIONS.  $EI$  IS CONSTANT. EXPRESSIONS FOR MOMENT ( $M_1$  &  $M_2$ ) ARE GIVEN. (15 POINTS)



$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 2L$$

$$M_1(x_1) = -\frac{P}{2}x_1$$

$$EI \frac{dy_1}{dx_1} = -\frac{P}{4}x_1^2 + C_1$$

$$EI y_1 = -\frac{P}{12}x_1^3 + C_1x_1 + C_2$$

$$2L \leq x_2 \leq 3L$$

$$M_2(x_2) = Px_2 - PL$$

$$EI \frac{dy_2}{dx_2} = \frac{P}{2}x_2^2 - PLx_2 + C_3$$

$$EI y_2 = \frac{P}{6}x_2^3 - \frac{PL}{2}x_2^2 + C_3x_2 + C_4$$

b.) INDICATE 4 APPROPRIATE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS YOU MIGHT USE TO SOLVE FOR YOUR CONSTANTS OF INTEGRATION FROM PART a.). SET UP THE SOLUTIONS FOR YOUR CONSTANTS BASED ON THE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS YOU HAVE SELECTED BUT DO NOT SOLVE FOR THE CONSTANTS. (15 POINTS)

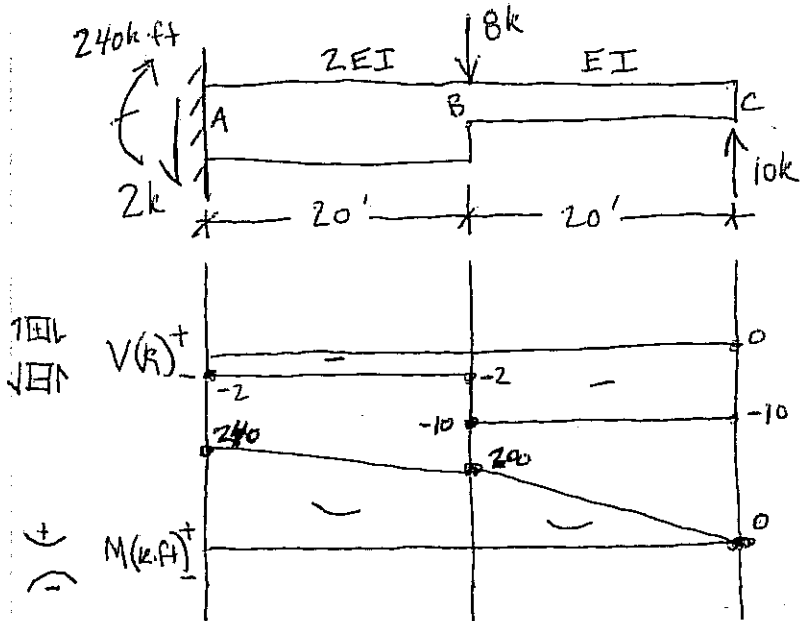
$$1) y_1(0) = 0; EI(0) = -\frac{P}{12}(0)^3 + C_1(0) + C_2$$

$$2) y_1(2L) = 0; EI(0) = -\frac{P}{12}(2L)^3 + C_1(2L) + C_2$$

$$3) y_2(2L) = 0; EI(0) = \frac{P}{6}(2L)^3 - \frac{PL}{2}(2L)^2 + C_3(2L) + C_4$$

$$4) \frac{dy_1}{dx_1}(2L) = \frac{dy_2}{dx_2}(2L); -\frac{P}{4}(2L)^2 + C_1 = \frac{P}{2}(2L)^2 - PL(2L) + C_3$$

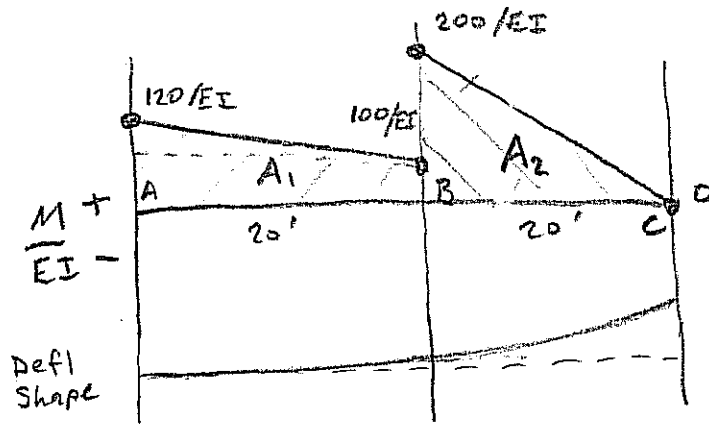
PROBLEM 2) CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING BEAM WITH CROSS-SECTIONAL PROPERTIES AND SHEAR & MOMENT DIAGRAMS SHOWN.



a.) FIND THE SLOPE AT B, USE THE MOMENT-AREA METHOD.  
(10 POINTS)

b.) FIND THE DISPLACEMENT AT C, USE THE MOMENT-AREA METHOD.  
(15 POINTS)

NEXT PAGE



a.) Slope at B =  $0 + A_1$

$$= 0 + \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{20}{EI} \right) (20) + (100/EI) (20) \right]$$

$$\theta_B = \frac{2200}{EI} \text{ (K} \cdot \text{ft}^2 \text{)}$$

b.)  $\Delta_c = t_{CA} = \text{Moment } A_1 + \text{Moment } A_2$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{20}{EI} \right) (20) \left( \frac{2}{3}(20) + 20 \right) + \frac{100}{EI} (20) (20 + 10) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{200}{EI} \right) (20) \left( \frac{2}{3}(20) \right) \right)$$

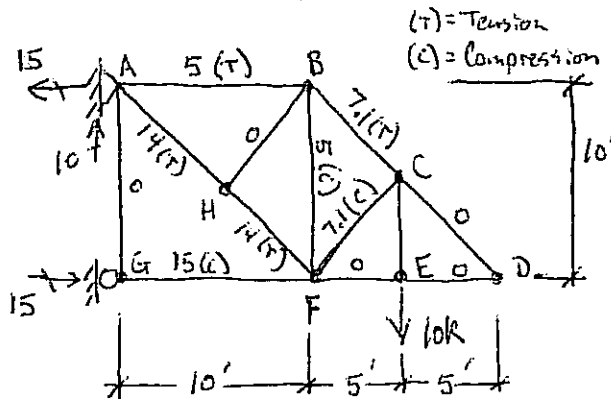
$$\Delta_c = \left( \frac{6667}{EI} + \frac{60,000}{EI} + \frac{26,667}{EI} \right)$$

$$\Delta_c = \frac{93,300}{EI} \text{ (K} \cdot \text{ft}^3 \text{)}$$

PROBLEM 3.) METHOD OF VIRTUAL WORK

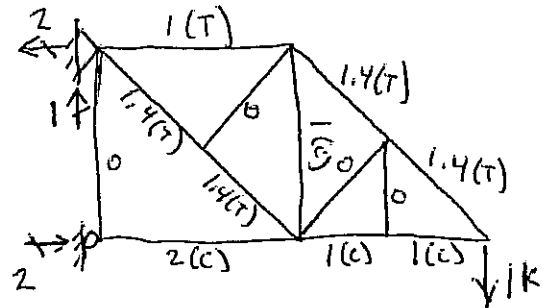
- a.) FOR THE TRUSS SHOWN BELOW, FIND THE VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT AT NODE D. FOR ALL MEMBERS,  $E = 29,000 \text{ ksi}$ ; AND  $A = 5.0 \text{ in}^2$ . SOME POTENTIALLY HELPFUL INTERNAL LOADS HAVE BEEN GIVEN. USE VIRTUAL WORK. (20 POINTS)

STRUCTURE UNDER LOADS  
(LOADS ARE IN KIPS)



$$\Delta_D = ?$$

STRUCTURE UNDER SOME  
OTHER LOAD



- b.) SUPPOSE THAT YOU WANTED TO ELIMINATE THIS DEFLECTION (I.E., MAKE  $\Delta_D = 0$ ). ALSO SUPPOSE YOU WANTED TO DO SO BY HEATING UP MEMBER FG. HOW MUCH TEMPERATURE CHANGE WOULD YOU NEED IN FG TO MAKE  $\Delta_D$  ZERO AGAIN? (5 POINTS)

a)

Member	$F_Q (k)$	$F_P (k)$	$L (ft)$	$F_P F_Q L (k^2 ft)$
AB	1	5	10	50
BC	1.4	7.1	$5\sqrt{2}$	70.6
CD	1.4	0		
DE	-1	0		
EE	1	0		
FG	-2	-15	10	300
CE	0			
CF	0			
BF	-1	-5	10	50
AH	1.4	14	$5\sqrt{2}$	139
FH	1.4	14	$5\sqrt{2}$	139
BH	0			

$$\Sigma = 748.9 (k^2 ft)$$

$$Q \delta_D = \Sigma \frac{F_P F_Q L}{AE} = \frac{(748.9)(12)}{(5)(29000)} = \boxed{0.062'' \downarrow}$$

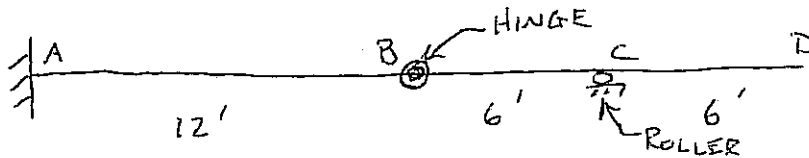
b.)  $Q \delta_D = (F_Q \bar{F}_G) \alpha \Delta T L_{FG}$  (Assume  $\alpha$  if desired)

$$1k(0.062) = (-2) \alpha \Delta T (10') (12 \text{ in/ft})$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{2.58 \cdot 10^{-4}}{\alpha}$$

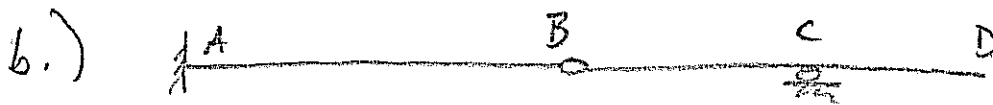
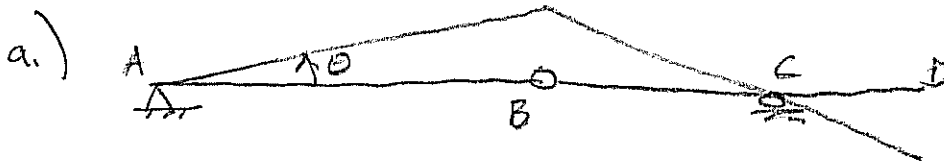
### PROBLEM 4.) INFLUENCE LINES

- a.) FOR THE STRUCTURE BELOW, SKETCH THE INFLUENCE LINE DIAGRAM FOR THE MOMENT AT A. (15 POINTS)



- b.) TRICK QUESTION: FOR THE STRUCTURE ABOVE, SKETCH THE INFLUENCE LINE DIAGRAM FOR THE MOMENT AT B. (5 POINTS)

("SKETCH" INDICATES THAT NUMBERS ARE NOT REQUIRED, ONLY QUALITATIVE SHAPES.)



(No internal moment allowed at hinge. Influence line diagram is zero at all locations.)