

## Estimating Masonry

Week 3  
Construction Estimation, Planning  
and Control

## Materials

- Brick
  - § Building, Facing, Glazed, Fire, Pavers
- Stone
- Concrete Masonry Units
- Bonded by Mortar and Metal Ties
- Grout and Reinforcement

## Bricks (Clay Masonry Units)

- Modular (see Table 15.2)
  - § Veneer walls: Non-Load bearing
- Non-Modular (8" x 2.25" x 3.75")
  - § Solid Non-Modular: Structural load bearing wall
- Different pattern bonds (Fig 15.1)
- Cost based on 1000 units: M
- Measured: D" x H" x L"
  - § Engineer: 4 x 3-1/5 x 8

## Mortar and Grout

- Masonry Mortar:
  - § Used as a sealant, To bed masonry units
  - § Architectural appearance, Allows size variations
  - § Types: M(2500psi), S(1800psi), N(750psi), O(350psi) [ASTM C270]
  - § Made of: Sand, Cements, Hydrated Lime (Table 15.1)
- Grout:
  - § Bond masonry to reinforcing steel
  - § Strengths > 2500psi [ASTM C476]

## Estimating Bricks

- Estimating number of bricks:
  - § # of Units =  $[(W) (A - O) 144] / [(L + t) (H + t)]$
  - § W: wastage ~ 5% | A, O: Wall and opening areas in SF
  - § L: length of masonry unit
  - § H: height of masonry unit
  - § t: mortar thickness
  - § Non-Modular: table 15.4 (# /100 SF)

## Estimating Mortar

- Estimating mortar for bricks: (Table 15.3) (CY/1000 bricks)
  - § Vol.(CY)/1000 bricks:  
 $[(L + H + t) \times t \times D] / [46.656]$
  - § D : Depth of brick
  - § Waste:25%
  - § Non-Modular: Table 15.5 (CY/1000 Standard Size)
- Estimating constituents of Mortar (Table 15.1)

## Pattern Bonds

- Arrangements of Headers and Stretchers and Soldiers
- Common Bond
  - § 1 course of Header every 6<sup>th</sup> course
  - § Calculate #Header bricks/SF
  - § Calculate #Stretcher bricks/SF
  - § Divide total SFA by 1:5 ratio